VICTORIA,

Of England, for Peace-Her Strennous Exertions to that End Thwarted by Bismarck-The Great Minister of Germany

Will Not Yield-Habits of the Queen of England - The Model Wife and Mother a Conscientious and Laborious Sovereign-Her Blackgnard Son.

is also understood to have written frequently her eldest daughter, the Crown Princess of England, wife of the crown prince and heir apparent of Germany, on the same subject, and the princess to have replied promising her active sympathy and assistance. Perhaps before these lines reach the Chicago Times, all speculation on this subject may be ended by actual negotiations for peace; but, whether his should prove the case or not, the reader will be interested in the court intrigues now being carried on in England and Germany to thwart the designs of the inscrutable man of fate, Bismarck. It appears, then, that when the emperor received the first letter from the people. Queen of England, he spoke of it to Bis-narck. The latter simply desired his imperial master to do nothing without consulting him, and te allow the letter to remain unanswered for a few days, and this the emperor who was really embarrassed what reply to make, readily consented to do, merely acknowledging the queen's communication and sta-ting that he would give it his most earnest consideration and answer it as soon as practi cable. In the meantime the queen had writ-ten to her daughter, the consort of the em-peror's eldest son, informing her as to her letter to the emperor, and asking her influ-

ence with the crown prince, her kusband. The princess replied, undertaking to enlist the heir apparent on her side, and then en-

sued a regular correspondence on both sides

HABITS OF THE QUEEN. Her majesty has been acutely sensitive to the cruelties of the war, and sent instruction to the proper officials to the effect that all of ficial information received from the headquarters of both armies, and from the embassies and consulates, touching the matter in question, should be summarized and forwarded to her without delay. A telegraph-wire, connecting her majesty's private rooms in the castle where she is now residing (Balmoral) and the offices of the ministry in Pall Mall, is used to transmit all important intel-ligence. Less interesting dispatches are for-warded from London to Balmoral by special messengers. The queen, wherever she goes, has her own telegraphic operators, who are as regularly part of the establishment she in turn occupies as the housekeepers, chamberlains, and other indispensable officers. One of these gentlemen, with whom I have had the honor of a per-onal acquaintace for many years, says her majesty is one of the hardest workers he ever had any experience of. I violate no confidence, but merely state a wellknown fact, when I say the queen has been known to keep ministers and heads of de-partments at work a great part of the night informing her by telegraph of the progress of debates, acquainting her with the contents dispatches, and so forth. Her majesty has frequently been known to rise at daylight, day after day, go through the whole of the business received during the night, dictating replies, signing letters, dispatches and official documents, and completing every-thing before breakfast. This is the woman that so-called gentlemen, who have scribbled anonymously for some of our American pa-pers, have described us "a gin-drinking Mrs.

It is easy to understand that such a correspondence between her majesty and her relatives in Germany could not long be kept secret. Bismarck naturally heard it. The ladies of the court nearest the queen's person, and personages of a similar quality surrounding the crown princess, were soon deeply interested. Now, perhaps, it is not generally known, but it is nevertheless true, that occupy positions in the establishment of the queen of England. In fact, the household of the queen is partly German in personnel. So many of the queen's kin are of kingly and princely German blood, and of these there are always so many in the queen's train that their attendants and followers form a not inconsiderable part of the court. It has been so for years. These people have married and inter-married with the English to such an extent that scores of German families have been brought into the closest relationship with the native officials surrounding the queen, and the result of it all is, as I indicated above, that her majesty's household is partly German in its composition, and chiefly German in its lood relationships. Can it be wondered at, therefore, that Bismarck's creatures where the found mixing freely among the part.

"Yes," said Miss Kellogg, "I am an en-

to weaken Russia sufficiently to prevent her offering forcible resistance to Germany seizing her share of the provinces available for partition among the European powers when Turkey comes to be carved; and at the same time he does not wish to see her too much weakened, for the reason that a war with France in the near future is among the eventualities the wily premier is preparing for. (In this connection, permit me to say, in parenthesis, that reinforcements of German "Some of it may be."

"Will the public endure to bave its lyric "Will the public endure to have its lyric" (In this connection, permit me to say, in parenthesis, that reinforcements of German troops were yesterday reported arrived at Metz, and more are on their way to all parts of Alsace and Lorraine.) In pursuance of this policy, he gave the emperor clearly to understand, when the subject of a reply to the letter of Queen Victoria came up for discussion, that the moment for intervening be-tween Russia and Turkey must be left to his decision alone, and that if any interference were attempted, he should throw up the game, and let who liked play it, for after that he should meddle with politics never more. This was the position of affairs with regard to Queen Victoria's first letter, when the matter began to be noised abroad in both courts, and the adherents of the queen, the emperor and the crown prince and his concommenced to agitate in favor of peace and to thwart the plans of Bismarck. This was not the first time Bismarck had been made to feel the pangs that a court can inflict. It is now well understood that his recent retirement, respecting which so many singular conjectures have been printed, was the result of a bitter court intrigue. On the last occasion, however, his assailants were disunited, and comparatively uninfluential, the only member of the imperial family giving them countenance being—so it is asgiving them countenance being—so it is as-serted—the crown prince himself, and that, too, in a half-hearted manner; whereas, we

folio-this time, perhaps, finally. I find it singular that nothing has been said in the English and German papers on the subject of this intrigue. Probably the reason is the same that has hitherto preserved a discreet silence as to the wild pranks of our gay young friend, the Prince of Wales,

ENGLAND'S FUTURE LOAPER KING. By the by, apropos of Albert Edward, did you see the guarded notice in the London dailies contradicting the rumor that the Princess of Wales is about to remove from England for an indefinite period? I ven-ture to say that brief denial caused more pain in English hearts than a clear, distinct statenent of the whole truth would have done. It is not, it cannot be denied, that when the prince drove on to Ascot race-course he was heads, and made their daughters do the same to avoid recognition of or by the next king of England. I am told by one who knows, that

respect to the latest scandar is, I believe, that the prince was suspected of having actually made an assignation with that actress whose history I gave in a former letter, and who was married to a convenient cat's-paw and hurried out of the way, as it was hoped, forever. The princes taxed him with it, and weapingly told him he was breaking her heart, and it was time they must part; but he coaxed, caressed and fooled her poor little heart once more, and notwithstanding the anger and indignation of the prudes, she refused to leave him. And

For the Sunday Appeal.] BROWN EYES.

JENNIE M. NOONAN. To E. C. V., of Memphis I own that thou art beautiful,
Oh, eyes of softest blue;
Within thy liquid depths I see
The tint of heaven's hue.
Yet winning as thy glances are,
I know thou art not true;
And I could never trust thee,
Oh, eyes of heavenly blue.

I turn next to thee, black eyes, But ah! I know too well That in thy starry splendor Mischief and myst'ry dwell. And eyes of roguish hazel, Romantle tho' thou be, I never could love a coquette, Therefore I'll ne'er love thee.

But, brown eyes, soft and gentle,
Thou'rt tender and thou'rt true;
And loveller far thou art to me,
Than hazel, black or blue.
Why let those lashes sweep that cheek?
Why cast those eyelids down?
Is it because I love thee,
Oh, shyest eyes of brown?

RUTLAND'S CHURCH SCANDAL.

other man, has suddenly increased in importance, and other and prominent persons have ben implicated. It seems that, in accordance with Mrs. Cheeney's desire, the deacons of the Baptist church called on her, and she was the Baptist church called on her the Baptist chur very anxious that, on account of a daughter, the Confederates tried to make her take it husband had forgiven her, she did not see why being put on probation would not answer all the requirements of church discipline. Finding that the deacons did not take this view, she threatened other exposures, even telling that the deacons did not take this view, she threatened other exposures, even telling that the deacons did not take this view, she threatened other exposures, even telling that the deacons did not take this view, she threatened other exposures, even telling that the deacons did not take this view, she threatened the twenty-first, when the President house on the twenty-first house house on the twenty-first house not have been greater. The substance was that the deacon had himself fallen a victim to the wiles of this woman, and for the past year had repeatedly been criminally intimate with her, the intimacy having begun while the deacon was watching at the bedside of Bismarck's creatures abound in the emperor's court, and in the following of every member of the imperial family, and many of them to be expelled, considering that he was as guilty as the woman, and that he had been guilty as the woman, and that he had been mistaken as to his conversion. Both parties were immediately expelled from the church. The deacon has heretofore borne the best of reputations, and not a whisper had ever been heard in the community against him. Hiram L. Cheeney, the husband of the woman, on Wednesday morning advertised his wife, warning people neither to trust nor harbor her on his account. Her friends, it is now her on his account. Her friends, it is now reported, will take legal steps to compel him to refund the money which she brought him

in its blood relationships. Can it be wondered at, therefore, that Bismarck's creatures are to be found mixing freely among the personal attendants of the queen of England?

A COURT INTRIGUE.

Here we have all the elements of an old-fashioned court intrigue, and a court intrigue is the result, as a matter of course, the object being peace or war, the stakes armies, the prizes nations and peoples. Bismarck's policy with regard to this war has never been disclosed, but the court-intriguers have all along proceeded on the assumption that he intends proceeded on the assumption that he intends to weaken Russia sufficiently to prevent her offering forcible resistance to Germany seiz-

> "Will the public endure to have its lyric music deprived of all its melody and rhythm?" asked the reporter, playing the catechist and turning the prima donna the moment into a catechumen.
> "They will stand a great deal of it."

"But people when they listen to music like to be receptive, and don't care to make an ef-fort. Beside this, will not the music of the future require more skilled musicians than can easily be got together under ordinary cir-"Aida is not especially difficult. The Flying Dutchman is." Perhaps it may be urged that when people cease to care for simple rhyme and meas-ure in poetry, when they read epics to the exclusion of more melodious forms of years, then the epic muse will take the place of the

"Do not understand me to say," interrupted Miss Kellogg, "that I believe the Wagnerian music intends to do all you suggest. But the general assertion that musical form should in a measure correspond with the sen-timent no one can successfully controvert. Minor points of dispute will have to be set-

Meteorology.

SLois Fines: M. Francis E. Nipher, representative to you may exhibit the night?

SLois Fines: M. Francis E. Nipher, representative to you may exhibit the night?

It is nowable to conceive, arrayed against him. Many readers will find it difficult to that it is possible to conceive, arrayed against him. Many readers will find it difficult to the property of the collection of the State, in the force of away and the question is, whether a mere consent of the state, in the case of the state, in the case of the state, in the force of away and the question is, whether a mere consent of the state of the state, in the force of away and the question is, whether a mere consent of the state of th St. Louis Times: Mr. Francis E. Nipher,

THE NOTABLES

Of Knoxville-The Brownlow and Maynard Families-Fanny Hodgson Burnett, Author of the

"Lass o' Lowrie." Knoxville letter to Louisville Commercial I had the pleasure of seeing yesterday a pri-vate letter from Miss Maynard, the daughter of Hon. Horace Maynard, whose he here, but who is now our minister to Con-stantinople. Mrs. Maynard and her daughter have spent the entire summer in visiting Switzerland and Itely. Miss Maynard re-Counts many interesting events of travel. They are now at Geneva, but will rejoin Mr. received, contrary to custom (which is to cheer), in the most chilling silence. It was noticed that fair ladies turned away their ities indeed, and she dislikes to return to Constantinople, because she will see and hear so much of it. The constant account of atrocities committed by both sides, but particularly London correspondence Chicago Times:
Her majesty, the queen, according to rumors that have reached me from the royal and imperial court, has written several autograph lettes to her relative, Emperor William, of Germany, representing to him in rather strong terms the necessity of mediating between the Russians and Turks. The queen is also understood to have written frequently. iterary attainments are seldom equaled. Her society polish is on a par with her mental gitts. Both Mr. and Mrs. Maynard are strict Presbyterians, and noted for fidelity to their church and generosity to the poor. They have three sons, who, unlike the sons They have three sons, who, unlike the sons of great men, generally, reflect great credit on their parents, and show the careful training received from a pious, cultivated mother. There is only one daughter—now just grown. She was a graduate of Vassar college before she went to Europe, and since she is applying herself to perfecting the languages. We may certainly feel proud that we are so well represented. As the homes of great men always command an interest, I must say that there can only be the interest taken in the persons themselves which can ever attract in the homes of Maynard and ever attract in the homes of Maynard and Browniow, of East Tennessee, for they are very plain structures indeed. Maynard's is part frame, part brick, additions being made as the wants of the family increased and as the purse allowed, for he is to-day a poor man comparatively, for a man who was thirty years in congress. The evidence is direct that he was never engaged in any schemes which filled his pockets. Knoxvillians are very proud of his record. The home of Brownlow is just what it has been for thirty years, a frame, with a steep flight of steps leading direct from the pavement to the front door. The internal arrangement is old in style and only of moderate convenience. Here, too, is another evidence of political integrity, for the ex-senator left only a comfortable living for his widow as the result of a long life of active work. Years ago he gave each of his five daughters five thousand dollars, and on his death all was given to Mrs. Brownlow. All his children are residents here but two, Colonel James B. Brownlow, who lives near Nashville, and one daughter, Mrs. Latta, of Hot Springs, Arthurent and the second sec

daughter, Mrs. Latta, of Hot Springs, Arkansas. All are married but the youngest daughter, who is quite literary. They make excellent citizens, enjoying the friendship and confidence of all, irrespective of party. By the way, Senator Brownlow was closely allied to the Ganaway family of Kentucky. Colonel John Brownlow, always rich field for Mr. Moody. The Cheeney scandal, at Rutland, in which the young wife of an old man confesses to an intimacy with another man has suddenly increased in important many successful and successf she should not be expelled from the church. down. The handsome silk flag which the She thought she had repented, and, after her | city of Philadelphia presented her with, in commemoration of this event, decorated her

and deserves all the praise she earns, for she has worked her way up. She is now the mother of two children, and the center of an intellectual circle of Washington society, whose demand must be met, and yet her was conton was crying, and seemed to feel very bad. Then they saw me and shut up. I think Bean has made that boy Colton run away from school, or something of that sort."

"I told the mate to make work as light as readers are always charmed with her.

A Civil Contract, Like an Agreement to Build a House or Make a Bonnet. the Essence of it Consisting of Consent Freely Given.

MARRIAGE

Mr. R. Vashan Rogers contributes to the Albany Law Journal a paper on the law of marriage from which the following is con-

"Among all Anglo Saxon communities marriage is but a civil contract—like an agreement to build a house or make a bonnet; and the essence of it consists in the consent reely given by a man and a woman able at the time to agree. Force or coercion used toward either party will invalidate the affair. Stevenson against Stevenson, 7 Phil. (Pa.) 3-6, Neither mind nor heart consenting. ustice and right will rescue the entrapped one, and put asunder those thus joined together. Sollins against Collins, 2 Brewst. (Penn.), 75. Mere unwillingness, some degree of re-uctance, will not, however, enable one to reconsider the matter after the ceremony, even though the presence of the parents of the of the good man may have somewhat over-awed him. Jackson against Winns, 7 Wend., 47. And voluntarily taking up housekeep-ing, or going into board together, after the cause of intimidation has been removed, will have the effect of making perfectly good (so far as the law is concerned) a marriage at first invalid, because brought about by fraud or force. Hamstead against Plaiston, 49 N. H., 84. Will a marriage, entered into with the entire concurrence of those most deeply in-terested, be valid and binding if all the rites

and ceremonies, religious or otherwise, have been absent? On this important point doc-tors of the law differ rather widely. "Long since, Parsons—ample- authority in such matters, we must recognize in the name—said: 'Marriage being essential to the peace and harmony, and to the virtues and improvement of civilized society (comforting words, surely, to many a lonely heart), it has peen in all well-regulated governments among the first attentions of civil magistrates to reg-ulate marriage. Where the laws of any State have prescribed no regulations for the celebration of matrimony, a mutual engage-ment to intermarry by parties competent to make such a contract would, in a moral view, be a good marriage, and would impugn no law of the State. But when the civil gov-ernment has established regulations for the due celebration of marriage, it is the duty as well as the interest of all citizens to conform to such rules.' Milford against Worcester, 7 Mass., 48. Another Parsons says: 'That in all enristian communities of which we have any knowledge, and, as we suppose, in all "Captain, said he, taking off his hat, would you have any objection to letting me civilized countries, certain ceremonies are prescribed for the celebration of marriage, either by express law or by a usage which has the force of law, and the question is, whether

common marriage was perfectly valid. Bissell against Bissell, 55 Barb., 325.

"It seems pretty clear, however, that in the State of New York no religious form or ceremony, or any formality, except the agree-ment, is necessary. In Mississippi nothing more is needed; so in Pennsylvania, words

in the present tense uttered for the purpose of making the alliance are enough. In Ala-bama and Michigan the law is similar. "Whether there is a ceremony or not, intention being an all-important ingredient in this, as in all contracts, it follows, notwithstanding novels and sensational stories to the contrary, that a marriage ceremony per-formed in jest does not make the pair hus-band and wife. M'Clary against Terry, 21

N. J. Eq., 225. "Some question has arisen as to whether a celebration of marriage on Sunday is a viola-tion of the law; but it is generally believed by lawyers that matrimony may be lawfully entered into on that day. The reasons why are various; it is either because the frequency of the thing has, in some measure, protected it by usage, and the consequence of an oppo-site view would be disastrous, or because the contract of marriage is in the nature of a con-tinuing contract, and may be regarded as made every succeeding day as long as the parties live together 2 (Parsons on Contracts; or, and this applies chiefly to New York State, as civil contracts-and matrimony is such—made for a lawful purpose, and not tending to disturb the public peace and quiet, are valid and enforceable, although made on Sunday; so are marriages, unless it can be made out that they are contracts tend-

ing to disturb the public peace and quiet.' A ROMANCE Of the Sea-The Husband a Sailor Be fore the Mast, and the Wife a Stow-

away-Death and Suicide. San Francisco Mail: The captain of an English ship, just arrived in port, relates a singular story, which is worth adding to the already extensive budget of mravellous tales of the ocean. The names of captain and ship are not given, as sailors are proverbially sensitive about their veracity, and there is a strong flavor of romance in the skipper's anecdote. The official log contains this eatry:

"August 15th, latitude —, longitude —:
James Colton, a stow-away, fell from the foretop gallant yard to the deck, and was in-

body of Colton, jumped from the topgallant rail and sank immediately. Ship hove to at the time. A boat was lowered, but no traces

The Late President Physic of the man were discerned. of the man were discerned.
"That," said the captain, "is an entry that gives the key to the yarn I'll spin you," as a Mail reporter sat in his cabin yesterday afternoon, after the noonday meal. "I shipped

Bean in Liverpool. He was a tall, good-looking young fellow, and did not appear to be much of a seafaring man by his appearance; but he had a couple of good discharges, and I took him. After he went forward among the men, I did not notice him again until the second day out. The mate came aft tugging along a little bit of a fellow, with

stepped out and said:
"I know that young man, captain; he is

soon got him to work on a broom. He handled the broom pretty well, and took sort of so inclined to be industrious that I took him out of the mate's watch and gave him odd jobs about the cabin, lending the steward a hand, and so on. He had all night in and better grub than they got in the forecastle, but he used to always ship some of it for-ward to Bean. Those two were a good deal together on Bean's watch, and Colton would the pastor, Mr. Richardson, that one of his deacons was as deep in the mud as she was in the mire. This seemed to go against her in the minds of the deacons present, and at the church-meeting Monday night they reported that she should be expelled on account of gross

Fannie Hodgson Burnett. Here she married, Dr. Burnett being a native of East Tennesbut he used to always ship some of it for-deaction was received here. Dr. Burnett is a physician of high repute. Since her return from her last visit to Europe she has resided in Washingimmorality. On the report having been made, one of the deacons, a man past the prime of life, who was present with nis wife, passed a letter to the pastor. If a lighted bomb had fallen amid the assembly, the commotion which followed the reading could be commontative. study of the dialect and habits of life. She frequently went out to our coal districts to hunt characters, etc. She is a hard student, know where he was. Colton was crying, and

he could for him, and once, when he brought me up a cup of tea on the poop, I asked it his friends knew he had started for Califor-

nia.
"'Qh, no,' he said; 'but I could not get along well at home, and I thought it best to go away. 'You knew Bran well at home, didn' you?' I asked. "'Yes, sir,' said he, and looked red and

confused.
"'Did he induce you to run away?'
"'No, no, sir,' said he; 'but he told me he was coming in this ship.' That was all I said about it then. A week or so afterward, when I was cleaning up my cabin, he got hold of the portrait of my wife, which an artist in Liverpool had undertaken to color and had made a botch of it. "'Did you ever do any painting?' I asked. He said he could paint a little, and I got a box of water color paint from the third mate

and some brushes, and gave him a few photographs to color. You see how well he did it. He surprised me." Then the captain opened his album and showed the reporter some photographs which were very skillfully and artistically re-

"I saw him once," continued the captain, "painting the photograph of a fine-looking old lady. He told me it was Bean's mother. Well, to come to the day the accident oc-curred. I was on deck at the time, and Bean and Colton were sitting for ard. I was just going to call the young chap aft to help the sailmaker, who was working on the poop, when a squall came along. The mate sang on, the halyards were let go, and Colton jumped into the forerigging to get aloft and tow the foreroyal, for it was darkening up to windward. Bean also got into the rigging and seemed to want to get up, but Colton got ahead of him.
"He laid out on the yard, got hold of the

canvass, and the next thing we knew some-thing came whirling down on deck with a thud that made me shudder. The first one at the poor fellow's side was Bean. He turned him over, for the face was toward the deck, and then he fell down in a fit and the boatswain attended to him. The watchman carried Colton's body aft. His neck was broken. I pulled off the shirt, and then I knew the whole story," and the skipper took a glass of sherry, and his eyes were moist.

"What was the mystery?" asked the re "Well," said the captain, "just this. ton did not belong to our side of the ceck. The body that was sewed up and launched into the deep was a woman, and she was Bean's wife, for I found the marriage certificate in Bean's trunk, with some letters that partially explained the matter. But I'll tell you about that afterward. As soon as Bean got right he came aft, looking like a ghost, and he knew by my face that I had discov-

stay along with it this night?'
"I let him stay all night by the body, and

SENATOR MORTON.

An Hour at the Bed-Side of the Sick Senator-His Improvement from this on will be Rapid and Permanent

Louisville Commercial, 5th: Mr. James J. Brown, of New Albany, paid a visit to Sena-tor Morton at Richmond, Wednesday afternoon, and knowing the interest taken by the friends of the distinguished statesman, a Commercial reporter called upon Mr. Brown yesterday to get his impressions. Mr. Brown very gladly complied with the request, and stated substantially as follows: "When reached the residence of Governor Burbank, where Senator Morton is lying, I was very cordially received, and had a conversation with the family and with Doctor Thompson, the family physician. They were very hope ful, and spoke encouragingly of the prospects of the senator to get about again. They of the senator to get about again. They said, "You will be surprised to see how emaciated he is, but we who have watched um for weeks can see a great change for the better within ten days." Dr. Thompson said that if he continued to improve as rapidly as he had for several days past, the senator could be removed to his home at Indianap lis within ten days. I was then, said Mr Brown, ushered into the sick-room, and was very cordially greeted by the senator. H looked greatly emaciated since I had last seen him, which was a week before he went to California. While he was looking thin and had to be moved in bed, his mind seemed as bright as ever. He conversed fl ently, and, inquired about his friends in New Albany. During my stay of an hour in the sick-room a large packet of letters came they were from all parts of the country, and from every class of people—inquiring the condition of the senator's health, and express ing the most heartfelt sympathy. Among the letters was one from President Hayes. heard a number of these letters read, and observed that the senator was much affected by the reading of many of them. This scene is repeated every day. Letters of condolence and inquiry come from all parts of the country; sometimes a bushel a day; and all breathe the kindliest sentiment and warmest sympathy for the senator in his affliction. The sen ator has the very best of attention, and espe cially are his family and the family of Gov foretop gallant yard to the deck, and was instantly killed.

August 16th, latitude —, longitude —:
William Bean, an ordinary seaman, while

Many and the lamily of the lamily and the lamily of the lamily and the lamil the funeral service was being read over the that his improvement from this on will be

The Late President Polk's Danville Physician. Nashville American: I saw in your paper of to-day that Dr. Paul F. Eve, in his lectu: e delivered at the opening of the Nashville medical college, credits Dr. Dudley with a surgical operation performed on President James K. Polk. Dr. Eve is mistaken. This operation was performed by Dr. Ephraim M'Dowell, of Danville, Kentucky, one of the greatest surgeons in the world at that day. Some fourteen years after the operation Mr. Polk wrote to Dr. M'Dowell. The following is an extract from his letter:
"I have been enabled to obtain an education, study the profession of law, and embark

successfully in practice, have married a wife, and permanently settled in Tennessee, and now occupy the station in which the good vishes of my fellow-citizens have placed me. When I reflect, the contrast is great indeed between the boy, the meager boy, with pallid cheeks, oppressed and worn down by disease, when he first presented himself in Danville to your kind notice nearly fourteen years ago, and the man at this day in full enjoyment of perfect health. The letter from wlish the foregoing extract

taken is now in our family-keeping and arefully preserved. It is under Mr. Polk's own hand, Respectfully, E. C. M'DOWELL.

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hat they do supply this want, and proves them to b

THE MOST POPULAR PILL ever furnished the American people. The high medical authorities concede their superiority over ever furnished the American people. The highest medical authorities concede their superiority over all others, because they possess alterative, tonic, and healing properties contained in no other medicine. Being strongly Anti-Bilious, they expel all humors, correct a vitiated state of the system, and, being purely vegetable, they do not, like other pills, leave the stomach and bowels in a worse condition than they found them, but, on the contrary, impart a healthy tone and vigor before unknown.

OUR WORDS INDORSED. Dr. C. L. MITCHELL, Ft. Meade, Fla., says: and want to see them used instead of the worthle compounds sold in this country."

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky., says: gold." . "Tutt's pills are worth their weight in Had Sick Headache and Piles 30 Years. every day. . . , R. S. Austin, Springfield, Mass.

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DR. JAQUES & CO.,
130 West Sixth street, Cincinnati, O. SUFFERENS .. PHILIS W LAND GOD, rain all the so-calculary the state of the trying in the old Western Medicul first are, 102 Sycumore St. Cincinnati. Also seems St.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL View of Marriage! WCMAN AGnide to Wedlock and continuous Trustee on the continuous of marriage and the MARRIAGE of marriage and the causes that under the three and the causes that under the three and the causes that under the three and the Discussion of Women A book to private, costed cate reading, and page, price determine, and page, price determined a private obstacles of the cate reading. The price of the cate reading the page of the cate reading the price of the cate of th

those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarth, Lupture, the Op. 1971 Habit, a., price 10 cts.
Lither book and postnaid on receipt of price 10 call three, containing 50 pars, beautistic Haustrand, for he to Address 1981, BO 2773, No. 18 K. Sch ab. 54 Jones, Ma.



JEWELRY.



No. 265 Main Street, cor. Court, (T. D. Barnum's Old Stand). DEALERS IN FINE

WATCHES. SILVERWARE,

JEWELRY! Have a large and well-selected stock of New Goods of the Latest Patterns suitable for Bridal Presents!

Also, a great variety of French and American CLOCKS!

Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to by experi enced workmen.

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New Type. New Machinery, Ne'v and Improved Papers.

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PRINTING-HOUSE

BOOKBINDERY

DY THE RECENT ADDITIONS OF NEW DE SIGNS OF TYPE and NEW MACHINERY and new and improved stocks of papers. I am ens bled to do superior work on very short notice, and at extremely LOW PRICES. I can successfully duplicate work and prices of Eastern and Northern cities. I employ skilled workmen in all the departments of my printing and bookbindery business, and will gourantee entire satisfaction with all the work turned out of my establishment. I do ALL KINDS of Printing and Bookbinding, and request those desiring either or both to examine my styles and prices.

No. 15 Court Street. MUSIC BOUND

In the most elegant style, at exceedingly low price CALLING CARDS Gotton up in the latest and most beautiful styles for the execution of which I have added new styles of type and cards.

S. C. TOOF,

15 Court street,
between Main and Front Sts Memphis, Tenn.

NOTICE. Aving qualified as administrator of the estate of Mary Godesy, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me, within the time required by law; and those owing said estate will please call and settle with me, at No. 36 Poplar street.

J. P. SYKES, Administrator.

NOTICE.

A LL parties indebted to estate of Dr. J. M. Rogers, deceased, are notified to call at once and settle with R. F. Patillo. 285 Main street, G. D. Crockett's office. J. A. ANDERSON, Adm'r. By R. F. Patillo. NOTICE.

W E, the undersighed, have taken out letters of administration on the estate of Geo. W. Jones, deceased. All parties having claims against said estate will present them within the time required by law, and those owing said estate, or the firm of Geo. W. Jones & Co. will please call and seitle. The business of Geo. W. Jones & Co will be continued as heretofore.

ED S. MOLLOY,

Jamagin & Frayser, Att'ys.

Administrators.

Notice.

OSFICE OF THE MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILEOAD COMPANY, MISSISPPI AND TENNASSEE RALEBOAD COMPANY,
Memphis, Tenn., September 20, 1877.

HOLDERS of the Mortgage Bonds of the Mississtppl and Tennessee Railroad Company are
requested to present to the Central Trust Company. New York city, on and after October 1,
1877, their First Mortgage Bonds, and receive the interest then due on same; and,
at the same time, to exchange said bonds, receiving therefor the new First Mortgage 8 Per Cent.
Bonds; and holders of the bonds issued for coupons
from First Mortgage Bonds, and holders of Second
Mortgage Bonds, are also requested to present their
bonds, for exchange at the same place, on and after
October 1, 1877, in accordance with circular of August 1, 1877.

S. H. LAMB,
See'y and Treas, Miss, and Tenn. R. R. Co.

Notice to Cotton Buyers and Consumers.

ROM and after this date, for the convenience of Hom and after this date, for the convenience of all parties concerned, we propose:

First—To guarantee that all cotton sold by us shall be as represen ed by the samples thereof, this guarantee to continue in force for 120 days.

Scond—That the original samples of each sale made by us, marked and numbered, shall be filed away, labeled with the buyer's name and date of sale, and shall there remain, subject to examination for any reclamation made, until the expiration of the 120 days.

Third—That involces will be furnished by us to every purchaser of cotton, showing precisely the every purchaser of cotton, showing precisely the numbers and marks of each bale, so that any bale therein can be identified.

Fourth—All legitimate reclamations made upon us by either foreign or domestic buyers, with sworn certificates attached, properly identifying the cotton, will be promptly paid upon presentation, if made within the period of 120 days.

First—In any teclemations made upon us wa will Saturday, 13th day of October, 1×77, between the hours prescribed by law, proceed to sell at public auction, to the hishest bidder, the following described property, low!t: Lying and situate in Shelby county, State of Tennessee: Beginning at NE corner of a tract of land (40t 8 10 acres) formerly owned by A. W. Nelson, on the north boundary line of the Sitgroves grant at a sassafras marked T.S.; thence westwardly along said line 29 23-100 chains to a corner; thence southwardly in a line parallel to the west boundary of the Sitgroves grant 76 95 100 chains to a corner on the southern boundary of the said 496 8-10 acre tract; thence eastwardly on said last line 29 23-100 chains to a corner hickory marked J. S. on Trimble's ald line; thence strait northwardly to the beginning 76 95-100 chains containing two hundred and twenty-twe (225) acres, mo e or less. Said sale to take place on the day named above, to-wit: The 13th day of October next. 1877, on the southwest corner of Main and Madison streets, in the city of Memphis.

Terms-Cash. Title made perfect to purchaser by this sale, though I convey only as trustee. October 2, 1877.

T. M. S. RHETT, Trustee. Figh.—In any reclamations made upon us, we will claim the option of having the cotion upon which the reclamation is made, returned to us at our expense.

E. M. APPERSON & CO.

CHANCERY SALES.

CHANCERY SALE OF REAL ESTATE. son et al.

No. 3481, N. R.—Thomas H. Chapman vs. W. D. Lumpkin et al.

By virtue of an injer contory decree for sale entered in the above cause, on the 14th day of June, 1877, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, Courthouse Building, Mair street, Memphis, Tennessee, on

Saturday, October 13, 1877,
within legal hours, the it howing described property
situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit:
Lot No. 3, as laid down on the plat of the com
missioners: Beginning at a stake on the east side of
McKinly street 83 2-5 feet from the Intersection of
McKinly street 83 2-5 feet from the Intersection of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the southeast corner of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the southeast corner of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the continence of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the southeast corner of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the southeast corner of
McKinly and Georgia streets, the southeast with the
north line of McKinly street 155 feet to the aller 1615 feet
wide; thence along said alley 43 1-5 feet to a stake;
thence west, parallel with the said line above, 155
feet to the beginning.
Also, lot No. 4, as laid down on said plat, lying
immediately south of and adjoining said lot No. 3
above described, and having a front of 43 1-5 feet
on the east side of said McKinly street, and running
back in parallel lit es 155 feet to it. uley aforesaid.
Also, lot No. 5, as laid down on said plat, lying
immediately south of and adjoining the aforesaid
it No. 4, and fronting 43 1 5 feet on east side of
McKinly street, and running back between parallel
ilines to the said alley.
Also, lot No. 6, as laid down on the plat aforesaid,
which begins at a stake on the west side of Porter
street 172 4-5 feet from the interse tron of the west
side of Porter street with the south side of Georgia
street: thence south 43 1-5 feet to a stake; thence
running back at right angles with Porter street and
parallel with Georgia street 155 feet to the aller
aforesaid; thence west parallel with the second line
of this lot No. 8, last above described, 155 feet to
the beginning.

Also, lot No. 7, as laid down on said plat, lying im Saturday, October 13, 1877,

to a stake; thence west parallel with the second line of this lot No. 6, last above described, 155 feet to the beginning.

Also, lot No 7, as laid down on said plat, iring immediately north of and adjoining the said lot No. 6, and fronting 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Porter street, and running back between parallel lines 155 feet to said alley.

Also, lot No. 8, as laid down on said plat, lying immediately north of and adjoining the said lot No. 7, and fronting 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Porter street, and running back between parallel lines 155 feet to the said alley.

Also, Let No. 9, as laid down on said plat, which lies immediately north of and adjoining the said lot No. 8, and which fronts 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Porter street, and running back between parallel lines 155 feet to the said alley.

Also, Let No. 9, as laid down on said plat, which lies immediately north of and adjoining the said lot No. 8, and which fronts 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Porter street, and running back between parallel lines 155 feet to the said alley.

Also, and of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book No. 40, part first, pages 35-36-37-38, situated in that part of the city of Membris heretover known as South Memphis, Sheiby county, Tennessee.

Also, as lot beginning at a stake or point on the east side of Porter street, and runs back between parallel lines 155 feet to the said alley
Also, lot No. 10, as laid down on said plat, which lies immediately north of and adjoining said lot No. 3, and fr.nts 43 1.5 feet on the west side of Porter street, and runs back between parallel lines 155 feet to the said alley, the north line of this lot being the south line of Georgia street.

Also, lot No. 16, as laid down on said plat, which begins at a stake on the west side of Wainut street 172 4.5 feet from the intersection of the west side of Wainut street with the scuth side of Georgia street; thence south 43 1.5 feet to a stake; thence west 155 feet to an alley 16 feet wide; thence with said alley 43 1.5 feet; thence east 155 feet to the beginning.

ginning.

Also lot No. 17, as laid down on said plat, lying immediately north of and adjoining the last aforesaid lot No. 16, and fronting 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Walnut street, and running back between parallel lines 155 feet to the alley aforesaid, and being the lot upon which the dwellinghouse now stands. stands.

And also lot No. 18. which ites immediately north of and adjoining the said lot No. 17, and fronts 43 1-5 feet on the west side of Walnut street, and runs back between parallel lines 155 feet to the alley aforesaid. Hilley aforesaid,
Terms of Sale-Casb. This September 11, 1877
E. A. COLE, Clerk and Master,
By R. J. Black, D. C. and M.
J. K. Temple, Solicitor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate. PUBLIC notice is hereby given. That by vide of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed from the Honorable Circuit Court of Shelbecounty, Tennessee, in the case of E.C. Pattison vs. J. W. Paine and R. B. Paine, surety, judgment rendered on the 17th day of deptember, 1872, for the sum of seven hundred and forty one dollars, with interest and costs of suit; to satisfy said judgmenter, I will, on

Menday, the Sth Day of October, 1877, In legal hours, in front of the Courthouse, Memphis Tenn., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: Lying and being in Sheiby county, State of Tennessee, viz: Ten acres of land being the west half of twenty acres cand, fying north of and adjoining the east end of Vollentine avenue and west of Hill avenues, and being at the northwest corner of the intersection of Vollentine and Hill avenues, which twenty acre trust is bounded thus: Beginning at NW corner of the intersection of Vollentine and Hill avenues, which wenty acre trust is bounded thus: Beginning at NW corner of the intersection of Vollentine and Hill avenues; running thence north with Hill avenue; S with the east line of the Parham land 12 chains to a stake on Vollentine avenue; then e east with Vollentine avenue in the season of the part of the property of James of the land, the same trict of said county, beginning at the SW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line thereof 12 chains to a stake at its NW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line thereof 12 chains to a stake at its NW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line thereof 12 chains to a stake at its NW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line thereof 12 chains to a stake at its NW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line thereof 12 chains to a stake at its NW corner of said 20 acres, and running thence north with the west line of Court street 7445 feet from west line of Said twenty acres; the nee west with Vollentine avenue. The same the same that was partitioned to J. N. Palne by decree of its line of Court street 7445 feet from west line of Said twenty acres; the nee west Monday, the 8th Day of October, 1877.

day of April, 1877, in the case of R. B. Paine et al. vs. A. M. Moors et al., levied on as the property of J. N. Paine.

Also, upon the following described teal estate, in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, as the property of R. B. Paine, viz; The east half of the above described twenty-acre tract of land in the 15th civil district of said county, which east half for the above described and described as follows, viz: All of said twenty acres, except what was allotted to J. N. Paine as above stated: Beginning at the SE corner of said ten acres allotted to said J. N. Paine, at a stake on Volentine avenue, and runs thence east with said avenue 8.22 chains to a stake on Hill avenue, the southeast corner of said twenty acres; thence north with Hill avenue 12.21 chains to a stake, the NE corner of said it wenty acres allotted as aforesaid to said J. N. Paine; thence south with his east line 12.10 chains to the beginning.

Also, the following part of let No. 5, in block 46 of the subdivision of South Memphis, bounded thus: Beginning at a stake on the north line of Linder street 149 feet from the east line of Herrando street, and runs thence east with the north line of Linder street 46 feet to a stake, the SE corner of said original lot No. 5; thence north and parallel with Hernando street 100 feet to a stake, the NE corner of said lot No. 5; thence west with the north line of said lot No. 5 and parallel with Linden street, 60 feet to a stake, the NE corner of that part of said lot No. 5 and parallel with Linden street, 60 feet to a stake, the NE corner of that part of said lot No. 5 and parallel with Linden street, 60 feet to a stake, the NE corner of the beginning; it is further designated as lot No. 3 of the subdivision of said lot No. 5—being the same decreed to R. B. Paine by said decree of said Probate court as aforesaid. Levied on as the property of defendant, R. B. Paine by said decree of said Probate court as aforesaid. Levied on as the property of defendant, R. B. Paine, by said decree of said Probate No 806, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Eh county, Tean—B. P. Anderson, Commissions Revenue, vs. A. J. Kellar et al. By vitr e of an order of sale made in this & June 16, 1877, minute-book 18, page 400, 1 June 1d, 1877, minute-book 18, page 400, I sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for e in front of the courthouse door in the city of M phis, Tennessee, within legal hours, on

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Trustee's Sale.

Tuesday, November 6, 1877.

Notice of Trust Sale.

IN pursuance with terms of deed of trust execute

I to me, as trustee, by John Gorman, on the 17th day of January, 1876, duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, on 20th day of January, 1876, in record book No. 110, page 23, to which reference may be had; and on account of failure to pay the Indebtedness secured therein, 1 will, on

Saturday, 18th day of October, 1×77.

CHECKS.

STAMPED CHECKS

UN

ALL THE BANKS,

S. C. TOOF'S

15 Court Street.

BANKRUPT SALE.

Bankrupt Sale.

In the matter of Jessie Moore, Bankrupt.
By virtue of a general order of sale entered by the
United States District Court for the Western District
of Tennessee, I will sell a public auction, on the
corner of Madison and Main streets, Memphis, Ten-

Thursday, October 18, 1877.

Also, a lot beginning at a stake or point on the east

the following described real estate, or so n thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the foreg decree for taxes, costs and charges as therein judged, to-wit: Fart lot No. 115, in district No. 1 city of Hemphis, on Jefferson street, north-ast adjoing W. K. King, 21 by 74 feet.

2½ neres on M'Conneli avenue, east and adjoin M'Connell. Sheiby county, Tennessee.

South halt of lot No. 10, block 67, 14th civil trict of Sheiby county, Tennessee, or Union stain the city of Memphis. Tennessee, 175½ by 100 Lot No. 4, in 14th civil district of Sheiby cot 50 by 142 feet.

10 acres, p-rt of Estelle 101-acre tract, south corner range 7, section 2, in 6th civil district Sheiby county, Tennessee.

This 21st day of September, 1877.

Commissioner of Revenue Shriby counter H. Clay King, sol, for compil't. H. Clay King, sol, for compl't.

No. 1027, B. D.—In Chancery Court of Shelhy & ty, Tenn.—B. P. Anderson, Commissioner of enue, vs. Sarah Hemshali. By vittue of an order of sale made in this ca By vitine of an order of sale made in this or May 30, 1877, minute-book 18, page 219, I will at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash front of the courthouse door in the city of Memp Tennessee, within legal hours, on Saturday, October 13, 1877,

COMMISSIONER'S SALES

No. 848, R. D.-In the Chancery Court of SI

county, Tenn.-B. P. Ander on, Commission Revenue, vs. Daniel Larkin et al. By viltue of an order of sale made in thise May 31, 1877, minute-book 1s, page 231, 1 wil at public auction, to the highest bidder, for easi front of the courthcase door in the city of Mear; Tennessee, within legal hours, on

Saturday, October 13, 1877.

following described real estate or so of as may be necessary to satisfy the tone of for taxes, cost, and charges as thereby

Commissioner of Revenue Sheiby coun H. Clay King, sol. for compl't.

Saturday, October 13, 1877.

the following described real estate, or so me thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the foregateree for taxes, costs and charges as therein judged, to-wit: West half of lot No. 185, from 7-14 feet on south side of Mill street and rum back between parallel lines 7-14 feet. This 22d of September, 1877.

B. P. ANDERSON, Commissioner of Revenue Shelby count H. Clay King, soil for comply,

Under the powers conferred upon me by two certain deeds in trust executed by George Santer and Margaret C. Santer, his wife, the first dated December 1, 1873, and recorded in the office of the resister of Shelby county, Tennessee, in record-book No. 90, pages 48 et seq; the other April 4, 1874, and recorded in said register's office, in record-book No. 101, pages 68 et seq, for the purpose of paying the balance of indebtedness mentioned in and decreed by two said deeds in trust, I will, on No. 1830, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Sucounty, Tenn.—B. P. Anderson, Commissione Revenue, vs. Margaret A. Myers.
By virtue of an order of sale made in this callune 1st. 1877, minute-book 18, page 418, 1 s. If at public auction to the bighest bidder, for c. in front of the courthouse door in the city of M. phils, Tennessee, within legal hours, on saturday, October 13, 1877,
the following described real estate, or so in
thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the foreg
decree for taxes, costs and charges as therein
judged, to wit: 120 acres adjoining S. Wall
place, 14th civil district.
T4th acres, Ed Bradshaw's tract, in 14th civil
trict, tots 1-17.
This 22d September, 1877.

Commissioner of Revenue Shelby count
H. Clay King, sel. for compil't.

Tuesday, November 6, 1877,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock
p.m. in front of my office, No. 7 Madison street, in
the city of Memphis, Tennessee, offer for sale is the
highest bidder, for cash, the following described
tracts of land in Shelby county, Tennessee, the first
being described as follows, to-wit: Beginning thirty
feet north from a stake in George L. Holmes's east
line (being horthwest corner of tot number two) in
John D. White's subdivision: thence north thyteen
(13) chains fourteen (14) links to a stake; thence
east thirty-eight (38) chains six (6) links; thence
south thirteen (13) chains fourteen (14) links; thence west thirty-eight (38) chains six (6) links to
the beginning, and containing fifty and one one
hundredth (50 1-100) acres.

Also—One other tract in said county and State. Reginning thirty (30) feet north from a stake the northeast corner of lot number three (3) in John D.
White's subdivision, running west seven (7) chains
slxty-two (62) links; thence south thirteen (13)
chains fourteen (14) links; thence south thirteen (13)
sixty-two (62) links; thence south thirteen (13)
chains fourteen (14) links to the beginning containing nineland ninety-nine one-hundredth (9 09)
100) scres. Said two tracts being part of the land
late y occupied by Thomas M. Means and John D.
Means, about six miles east of the city of Memphis
and near to and north of the Stateline road, and being the same land conveyes by said Means to Edgar
MoDavitt, by deed dated October 5,1871, recorded in
said register's office, in book No. 82, page 240.

Also—The following described tract or parcel to
land in the 16th civil district of Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest conner of
Weston White's tract thirty-seven and a-half (3714) chains; thence
north sixteen (10) chains, on the line of the said
Weston White's tract No. 870, R. B.—In the Chancery Count of a County, Tennessee.—B, P. Anderson, Comstoner of Revenue, vs. J. B. Ragland et als. By virtue of an order of sale, made in this c May 30, 1877, M. B. 18, p. 216, I will sell at p auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, in fix the courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, Saturday, October 13, 1827. the following described real estate, or so much it is a may be necessary to satisfy the foregoing refer taxes costs and charges, as therein adged, to-wit.

Fart lot No. 3 on Dunian avenue E (Ragiand translating 2% areas. In Statishing 2% areas. ecutaining 234 acres, in Shelby county, Tenne This 22d day of September, 1877.

B. P. ANDERSON.

Commissioner of Revenue Shelby cou R. Clay King, sol. for comp ainant.

which they are named and described in the order in tisement.

The right of redemption and homestead are especially waived in said trust deeds, and the title to said tracts of lands is believed to be good, but I sell and will convey only as trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

No. 856, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shecounty, Teamessee—B. P. Anderson, Commissi of Revenue, vs. G. A. Leftwich et al. By virtue of an order of sale, made in this c. May 31, 1877, M. B. 18, p. 232, I will sell at principle and will convey only as trustee.

JULIUS A. TAYLOR, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

Take Notice

the following described real estate, or so much it of as may be necessary to satisfy the foregoing cree, for taxes, costs and charges, as therein judged, to wit:

A lot on east side of Third street and north side an alley, beginning point being 150 feet north Beale street; thence east with said alley 70 thence north 100 feet; thence west 70 feet to T street; theace north 100 feet to the beginning the Fourteenth civil district in Shelby county, nessee. Take Notice, That on Thursday, October 11, 1877, at the southwest corner of Court Square, in the city of Memphis, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the fellowing described property, situated in the city of Memphis, to-wit: Beginning where the north side of Market, street intersects the west side of Market Square; thence with the west side of Market Square; thence westwardly at right angles to the square seventy-four feet three inches to a stake; thence westwardly at right angles to the square southwardly, on a line parallel with the west side of Market Square, one hundred and forty-eight feet six inches to the north side of Market Square; thence eastwardly with the north line of Market street to the beginning. Said groperty is sold at the instance of the beneficiaries, under a deed of trust executed to me, which is of record in book No. 83, page 237, of the Register's office of Shelby county. The title is believed to good, but I only sell as trustee. September 21, 1877. JAS. W. REDDITT, Trustee.

Winchester & Winchester, attorneys. the Fourteenth civil district in Shelby county, nessee.

Also lot beginning at the intersection of Sec street with the boundary of a tract owned by J overton and heirs, running south with the e.st of Second street 130 feet to lot owned by N. S. Br thence east with Bruce's line 150 feet to an a thence with west line of said alley 130 feet to so boundary of tract belonging to Overton; thence feet to the beginning. This 22d day of Septem 1877.

Commissioner of Revenue, etc. H. Clay King, sol, for complainant.

No. 878, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Sh county, Tennesse.—B. P. Anderson, Commiss er of Revenue, vs John Bain, administrator,

Saturday, October 13, 1877, the following described real estate, or so n thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the foreg-decree for taxes, costs and charges, as therein judged, to-wit:

In the 14th civil district of Shelby county, Ten see, part lot No. 4, block 43, south side of Pont street, 35 by 125 feet.

This 22d day of September, 1877.

B. P. ANDERSON, Commissioner of Revenue, Shelby County B. P. ANDERS Commissioner of Revenue, Shelby C H. Clay King, soi, for complainant.

No. 921 R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Sh county, Tenn.—B. P. Anderson, Commissione Revenue, vs. Elizabeth Ragland, et al. By virtue of an order of sale made in this ca June 16, 1877. M. B. 18, p. 394, I will sell at I lie auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in f of the courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, 2 nessee, within legal hours, on

Saturday, October 13, 1877. the following described real estate, or so much the of as may be necessary to satisfy the foregoing cree for taxes, costs and charges as therein adjudy. to-wit:

Lots Nos. 32, 33, 34, 35, 38 and 37, fronting:

5245 feet and running back 19345 feet; the first
on the east, and the others on the west side of I
land avenue, Fourteenth civil district, Shelby ox Lot 44 on Robinson avenue, on east side

cet. Lot 45, otherwise described as lot 44. Lot 58, on west side of Baztand avenue, othe Lot 45, otherwise described as 1014-2.
Lot 85, on west side of Ragiand avenue, others described as lot No. 45.
Lot No. 59, on east side of Ragiand avenue, of wise described as No. 58.
Also 28 acres in Ragiand's subdivision, Fourtee civil district of Shelby county, Tennessee, except 77, 78, 79, 83 and 84, which have been redeen 495 acres of land, section 1, range 7, in Sixtee civil district, Shelby county, Tennessee, Lots Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12, fronting on the Mehrs and Charleston radicoad 80 feet, each will depth of 150 feet, in Fourteenth civil district Shelby county, Tennessee, Original lots Nos. 10 and 19, new plat, west 10 milap avenue to Ragiand avenue, 105x397 feet Lots 11 and 20, descriped as lots 10 and 19.
Lot 20, Fourteenth civil district, described as 12 and 13.
East 4g lot 13, part of Ragiand tract, on Mempand Charleston rallroad, 40x150 feet.

and Charleston rallroad, 40x150 feet.

This 22d day of September, 1877.

Commissioner of Revenue, Shelby Count
H. Clay King, sol. for compile.

No. 2087, R. D.—Chancery Court of Shelb B. P. Anderson, Commissioner of Rev Wm. S. Magee et al. Pursuant to a decree entered in the abo cause on the 20th October, 1876, and ca Minute Book 16, page 83, I will, on Saturday, October 13, 1877. within legal hours, in front of the courthouse Main's reet, in the city of Memphis, sell at pu Also, a fot beginning at a stake or point on the east side of Hernando street the sou hwest corner of lot No. 7, in blocs No. 48; running thence north with the east side of Hernando street forty-four feet eight inches; thence eastwardly parallel with the south line of lot No. 7 one hundred and seventy-four feet; thence southwardly parallel with Hernando street forty-four feet eight inches to the south line of said lot No. 7; thence with the south line of lot No. 7 one hundred and seventy-four feet to the beginning, and being in that portion of the city of Memphis heretofore known as South Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee. necessary to discharge the taxes adjudged again the same, with interest and costs, to wit: A trace land on which F. T. Leftwich resided in 1864, c taining 805-65-100 acres, more or less, lying on waters of Big Creek, in the 4th Civil District, bout ed as follows: Beginning at a large white marked M. P., in the north line of McBride's training thence north 104 chains 27 links to still Garner's road; thence south 40 east 27 links to sweetgum marked N.; thence west 78 chains links to a beech marked O.; the south 103 chains to at thence east 77 chains 15 links to the beginning, c taining 805-65-100 acres, more or less.

This 22d day of September, 1877.

B. P. ANDERSON, Commissioner of Revenue Jehn Johnston, Solicitor.

Administrator's Notice. A LI, persons indebted to the estate of Alice Baines, deceased, are requested to make a ment to the undersigned; and all persons have claims against this estate are requested to presthe same, duly proven, within the time required law, or the same will be barred.

S. L. RAINES

and being in that portion of the city of Memphis sheretofore known as South Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee.

Also a part of lots Nos. 1 and 2, block 44: Beginning on the routh side of Linden street one hundred and five feet from and east of Causey street, running thence castwardly along Linden street west forty-five feet to a stake; thence eastwardly and arright-angles with Linden street one hundred and forty-five feet to a stake; thence eastwardly and parallel with Linden street forty-five feet to a stake; thence northwardly one hundred and forty-five feet to the beginning, and being that portion of the city of Memphis heretofore known as South Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee.

These lots are centrally located, and are believed to be unencumbered except for taxes.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash, and the balance in six menths. A deposit of 5 per cent. will be required at time of sale.

Se26 Administrator of Altred E. Raines Whitehaven, Miss, and Tenn. R. R., Shelby com-